

iMuse – Projection Room



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Greece



Projection room facility

- Delivery of content in the form of presentations
- Enhance education programs
- Tool for museum guides

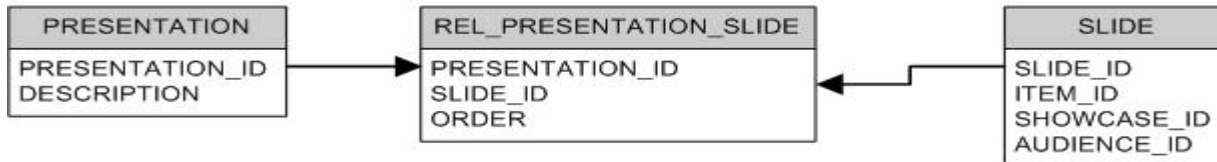
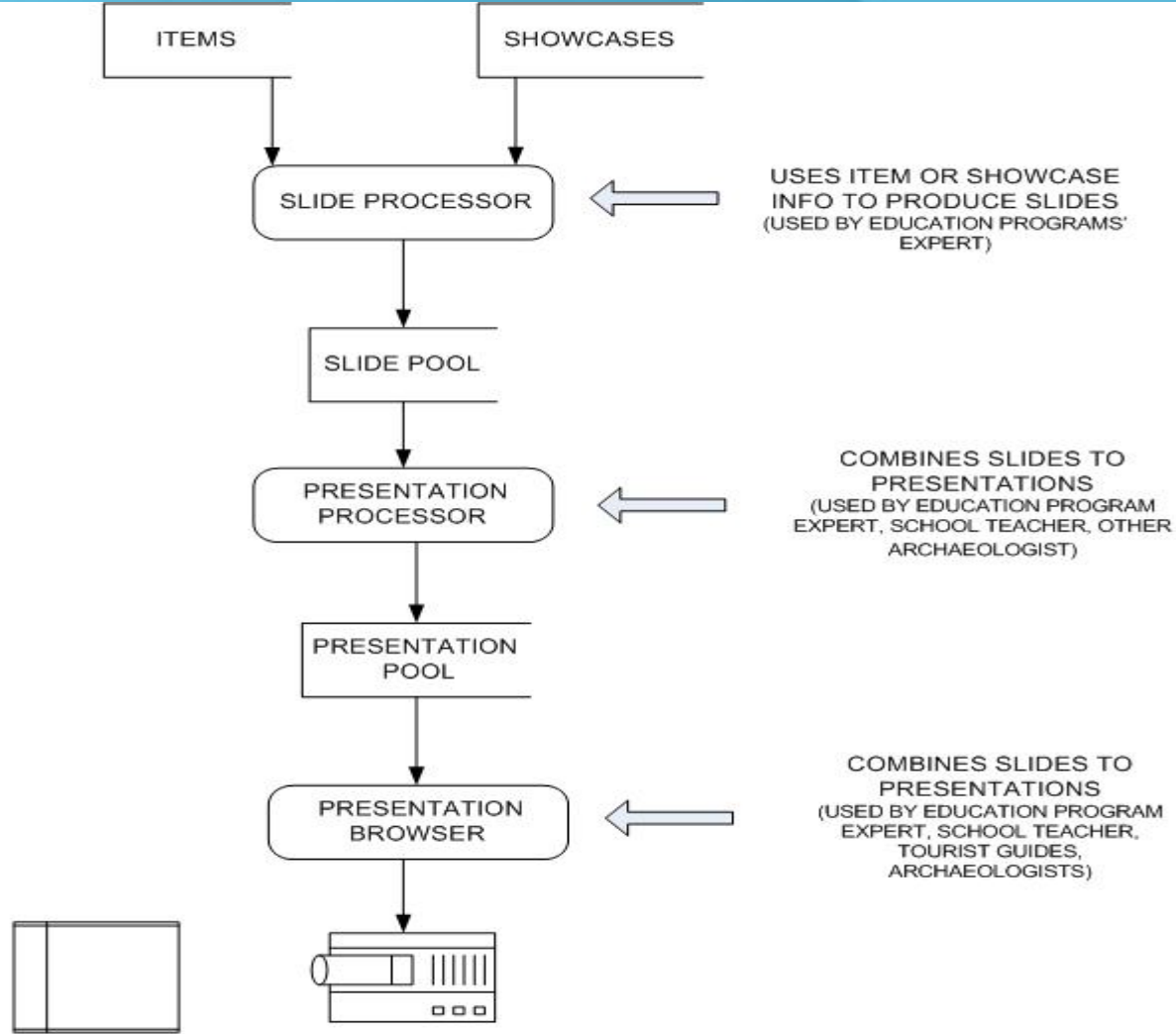


Projection room facility

- Presentation formulation criteria
 - audience
 - language
 - interests of the visitors



Projection room facility





Different type of users

- **Visitor**

- Insert archaeological interest, available time, audience type, language
- Browse through suggested presentations
- Select one or more presentations



Different type of users

- **Guide**

- Insert archaeological interest, available time, audience type, language
- Browse through suggested presentations
- Select one or more of existing presentations
- Create a new presentation by:
 - Browse slides
 - Browse presentations
 - Select slides to include in the new presentation
 - Select presentations for inclusion in the new presentation
 - Identify the order of slides or presentations
 - Approve final presentation
 - Store presentation



Different type of users

- **Archaeologist**
 - All the use cases of the **guide** (Create a new presentation , Browse presentations, e.t.c)
 - Browse slides
 - Create a new slide
 - Approve and store a new slide
 - Delete a slide (one)



Implementation Issues

- Sample slides could be created with the use of W3C Slidy or as static images.
- Slides stored to the database.
- Implementation of presentation processor and presentation browser in the notion of slideshows



Description: A coin is a piece of hard material that is standardized in weight, it is produced in large quantities in order to facilitate trade, and primarily and above all has the mark of the authority that produces it. Coins are usually metal or a metallic material and sometimes made of synthetic materials, usually in the shape of a disc, and most often issued by a government.

Material: silver

- *silver is somewhat rare and expensive, although not as expensive as gold. Slag dumps in Asia Minor and on islands in the Aegean Sea indicate that man learned to separate silver from lead as early as 3000 B.C.*

Excavation Site: Thessaly

Origin Site: Center of Volos

Width: 44 **Height:** 54: **Girth** 12 **Diameter:** 14

Discovery Date: 2010-02-03 **Precise Dated Date:** 2010-02-05